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APPLICATION NO. FILING DATE		FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
10/709,382 04/30/2004		Michael P. Schoemann	MASL-37	3381	
37690	7590 03/27/2006		EXAMINER		
	RRON & EVANS, L	PATEL, KIRAN B			
2700 CAREW 441 VINE STI		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER		
CINCINNATI		3612			

DATE MAILED: 03/27/2006

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

			Applicatio	n No.	Applicant(s)			
Office Action Summary			10/709,382	2	SCHOEMANN ET AL.			
		-	Examiner A		Art Unit			
		[Kiran B. Pa		3612			
Period fo	- The MAILING DATE of this commun r Reply	ication appe	ears on the	cover sheet with the c	orrespondence ad	ldress		
WHIC - Exten after : - If NO - Failur Any re	DRTENED STATUTORY PERIOD F HEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE N sions of time may be available under the provisions SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this comr period for reply is specified above, the maximum st e to reply within the set or extended period for reply eply received by the Office later than three months d patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	MAILING DA's of 37 CFR 1.136 munication. latutory period will, by statute, c	TE OF THI 6(a). In no ever Il apply and will cause the applic	S COMMUNICATION it, however, may a reply be time expire SIX (6) MONTHS from ation to become ABANDONED	l. ely filed the mailing date of this c O (35 U.S.C. § 133).			
Status								
1)	Responsive to communication(s) file	ed on <i>08 Ma</i>	rch 2006.					
, —	This action is FINAL.	2b)⊠ This a	action is no	n-final.				
3) 🗌	Since this application is in condition	for allowand	ce except f	or formal matters, pro	secution as to the	e merits is		
	closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.							
Dispositi	on of Claims							
4) 🖂	☑ Claim(s) <u>1,2,8-10,15 and 22-26</u> is/are pending in the application.							
	4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.							
5) 🗌	Claim(s) is/are allowed.							
6)⊠	Claim(s) <u>1,2,8-10,15 and 22-26</u> is/are rejected.							
7)	Claim(s) is/are objected to.							
8) 🗌	Claim(s) are subject to restric	ction and/or	election re	quirement.				
Application	on Papers							
9) 🗌 -	The specification is objected to by th	e Examiner.						
10) 🔲 -	10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) accepted or b) objected to by the Examiner.							
	Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).							
	Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).							
11) 🔲 -	The oath or declaration is objected to	o by the Exa	miner. Not	e the attached Office	Action or form P	ΓΟ-152.		
Priority u	nder 35 U.S.C. § 119							
 12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received. 2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received. 								
2) 🔲 Notice 3) 🔯 Inform	(s) e of References Cited (PTO-892) e of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (F nation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or No(s)/Mail Date <u>2/21/06, 1/17/06,</u> .			4) Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail Da 5) Notice of Informal P 6) Other:	te	O-152)		

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DETAILED ACTION

#2 Non-Final Rejection (3/21/06)

Claim Rejections - 35 USC \$ 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

1. Claims 1-2, 8-10, 15, are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Stein et al. (6,821,465) in view of Japan (JP 2000-264361).

Regarding claims 1-2, 8-10, 15, Stein et al. (6,821,465) discloses the invention as claimed to include a body including a door, a door trim panel 10, the door trim panel including a cover stock 22; an armrest 12 coupled to the cover stock and having a first density 14; an upper energy absorber Fig 2 disposed above the armrest and having a second density 16 higher than the first density; and a lower energy absorber Fig 2 disposed below the armrest and having a third density 16 higher than the first density; wherein the second and third densities are substantially equal.

However, Stein et al. (6,821,465) does not disclose the foam to be polyolefin bead foam.

Japan (JP 2000-264361) discloses the foam to be polyolefin bead foam.

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Therefore, it would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to modify the invention, as disclosed by Stein et al. (6,821,465), to include the foam to be polyolefin bead foam, as disclosed by Japan (JP 2000-264361), to provide the door trim panel to include the armrest with energy absorbers with excellent shock absorbing buffer taught by Japan (JP 2000-264361).

2. Claim(s) 22-26 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Stein et al. (6,821,465) as applied to claim 1 and further in view of ordinary skill in the art.

Regarding Claim(s) 22-26, Stein et al. (6,821,465) discloses the invention as claimed.

However, Stein et al. (6,821,465) does not disclose varied ranges of densities for the first, second and third densities.

It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to provide varied ranges of densities for the first, second and third densities, since it has been held to be within the general skill of a worker in the art to use the available foam with required density as specified by the design specification which would provide the desire level of protection for the passengers in the event of a side impact.

Response to Arguments

3. Applicant's arguments filed 3/8/06 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive.

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In response to applicant's argument that there is no suggestion to combine the references, the examiner recognizes that obviousness can only be established by combining or modifying the teachings of the prior art to produce the claimed invention where there is some teaching, suggestion, or motivation to do so found either in the references themselves or in the knowledge generally available to one of ordinary skill in the art. See *In re Fine*, 837 F.2d 1071, 5 USPQ2d 1596 (Fed. Cir. 1988) and *In re Jones*, 958 F.2d 347, 21 USPQ2d 1941 (Fed. Cir. 1992). In this case, Polyolefin bead foam is used to provided an armrest with excellent shock absorbing properties as taught by Japan (JP 2000-264361).

In response to applicant's argument that Japan (JP 2000-264361) is nonanalogous art, it has been held that a prior art reference must either be in the field of applicant's endeavor or, if not, then be reasonably pertinent to the particular problem with which the applicant was concerned, in order to be relied upon as a basis for rejection of the claimed invention. See *In re Oetiker*, 977 F.2d 1443, 24 USPQ2d 1443 (Fed. Cir. 1992). In this case, the particular problem with which applicant was concerned was energy absorber (shock absorber).

In response to applicant's argument that the examiner's conclusion of obviousness is based upon improper hindsight reasoning, it must be recognized that

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any judgment on obviousness is in a sense necessarily a reconstruction based upon hindsight reasoning. But so long as it takes into account only knowledge which was within the level of ordinary skill at the time the claimed invention was made, and does not include knowledge gleaned only from the applicant's disclosure, such a reconstruction is proper. See *In re McLaughlin*, 443 F.2d 1392, 170 USPQ 209 (CCPA 1971).

Conclusion

4. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications should be directed to Primary Examiner Kiran B. Patel whose telephone number is 571-272-6665. The examiner can normally be reached on M-F from 8:00 to 5:00. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is (571) 273-8300.

Kiran B. Patel, P. E. Primary Examiner Art Unit 3612

March 21, 2006